UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/549,944	08/21/2006	Brian E. Jones	GC798-2-US	7114
	7590 03/12/200 NTERNATIONAL, IN	EXAMINER		
ATTENTION: LEGAL DEPARTMENT			SWOPE, SHERIDAN	
925 PAGE MILL ROAD PALO ALTO, CA 94304			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1652	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/12/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/549,944	JONES ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHERIDAN SWOPE	1652
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tird d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 s This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is FINAL . Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the E	ccepted or b) objected to by the education of the learning of the drawing (s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob-	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D: 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

Application/Control Number: 10/549,944 Page 2

Art Unit: 1652

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-34 are pending.

It is noted that there are two claims designated "33". The second claim is herein renumbered "34".

Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, Claims 1-14, 17-20, 23-24 drawn to a nucleic acid encoding a cellulase polypeptide.

Group II, Claims 15-16, 21, 25-29 drawn to a cellulase polypeptide.

Group III, Claims 22, drawn to a cell having inactivation of an endogenous cellulase.

Group IV, Claims 30, drawn to a method of treating wood pulp with a cellulase.

Group V, Claims 31-33, drawn to a method of converting biomass to sugar using a cellulase.

Group VI, Claims 34, drawn to a method for cloning celluases from environmental samples.

For each of Inventions I-IV above, restriction to one of the following is also required under 35 USC 121. Therefore, election is required of one of Inventions I-IV <u>and</u> one of Inventions (A)-(F), as indicated.

If Group I is elected, elect one of:

- (A) A non-Trichoderma source
- (B) A Trichoderma source

If Group II is elected, elect one of:

- (C) A non-Bacillus source
- (D) A Bacillus source

Application/Control Number: 10/549,944 Page 3

Art Unit: 1652

If Group V is elected, elect one of:

- (E) Not further producing ethanol
- (F) Further producing ethanol

The inventions listed as Groups I-VI(A)-(F) do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical feature for the following reasons: The technical feature linking Groups I- VI(A)-(F) appears to be that they all relate to microbial cellulases. However, microbial cellulases were well known in the art. Moreover, the combination of Kim et al, 2000 and Rondon et al, 2000 render obvious Claims 33. Kim et al teach functional cloning of a cellulase in E. coli, isolating the encoding nucleic acid, and characterizing the cellulase (Figs 3-5; Table 1). Kim et al does not teach functional cloning of cellulases from environmental samples. Rondo et al teach methods for functional cloning of a variety of enzymes, including cellulases, from environmental samples (pg 2542, parg 1&4). The skilled artisan would be motivated to use the method of Kim et al for functional cloning of a cellulase in E. coli using environmental samples as a source of nucleic acid, as taught by Rondon et al. The advantage is that the method of Kim et al is easier to perform; the expectation of success is high. Therefore Groups I- VI(A)-(F) share no special technical feature as defined by PCT Rule 13.2, as it does not define a contribution over the prior art. Furthermore, the products of Groups I and II do not share a special common structural and functional feature while, the methods of Groups III-VI do not use the same reagents or produce the same results. In addition, the methods of Groups III-VI do not comprise all of the methods for making or using the products of Groups I-II. Accordingly, Groups I- VI(A)-(F) are not so linked by the same or a corresponding special technical feature as to form a single general inventive concept.

Art Unit: 1652

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include (i) an election of an invention and sub-invention(s) to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

Should Applicants traverse on the ground that the inventions have a special technical feature, Applicants should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants of the invention or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed a nonelected

Art Unit: 1652

process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained.

Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

To insure that each document is properly filed in the electronic file wrapper, it is requested that each of amendments to the specification, amendments to the claims, Applicants'

remarks, requests for extension of time, and any other distinct papers be submitted on separate

pages.

It is also requested that Applicants identify support, within the original application, for

any amendments to the claims and specification.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Sheridan L. Swope whose telephone number is 571-272-0943.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F; 9:30-7 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Dr. Nashed can be reached on 571-272-0934. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published application

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on the access to the Private

PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/SHERIDAN SWOPE/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1652